1. Starting with a ridgeline segment (polyline)
2. Get the $z$ value of the segment using Interpolate GP tool
3. Use the Cross Section Lines (3D sample tool from ESRI) to get an orthogonal cross section layer as a reference. (optional)
4. Duplicate two polylines to 100 ft below the original $z$ (placement of the duplicate lines is important to get the right cross section). Using Duplicate Plane under edit/ArcGISPro
5. save the duplicated lines into a fc
6. Make a copy of the fc and add Copy to the filename naming convention
7. with the Copy fc, flip one of the duplicated lines
8. Use Edit/Vertices feature and connect the duplicated line together by either extending the lines or adding addition line. End to end connection only. Don't crisscross
9. Using Feature to Polygon, to convert the line fc to a polygon fc.
10. Back to the first fc (from step 5), use Feature Vertices to Point to convert the lines to points
11. Add field - OriginalOID
12. Use Calculate Fields to copy the ObjectID to the new field
13. Select Feature by Attribute set the selection to where Orig_FID $=2$ (Orig_FID is the original Object ID generated in the line fc that was kept when the point layer was created)
14. Calculate Field on the selected records and subtract ObjectID from half of the total number of records
15. Add Geometry Attribute to the point fc
16. Points to Line, must set the Line Field to OriginalOID
17. Create TIN Input Feature is the Output of the step 17. Set it as a Hardline. The reminder parameters are left as default. $2^{\text {nd }}$ Input feature is set to the result of Step 9 . Set the type to soft clip. Height Field set to <None>.
18. Convert Step 18 output to Raster using TIN to Raster. The default parameter is good.
19. Using Minus to subtract new Raster from original DEM raster
20. Apply ContourList to the result of step 19 with Contour Value set to 0
